## **CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of claims:

- 1-11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Amended) A method for introducing a CNS cell into a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal a cell produced according to the by a method claim 1 or claim 6 comprising:
  - (a) plating human CNS progenitor cells on a surface that permits proliferation, said surface being tissue culture plastic or a surface treated with fibronectin;
    - (b) adding serum-free growth medium to the cells;
  - (c) allowing the CNS progenitor cells to proliferate in the serum-free medium;
  - (d) transfecting the cells with DNA encoding a selectable marker and regulatable growth-promoting gene, wherein the growth-promoting gene is selected from the group consisting of SV40 large T antigen, v-myc, N-myc, c-myc, p53, polyoma large T antigen, E1a adenovirus and E7 protein of human papilloma virus;
    - (e) passaging the transfected cells onto a substrate; and
  - combination thereof, therefrom producing a conditionally-immortalized human CNS progenitor cell.
- 13. (Amended) A method for introducing a CNS cell into a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal a cell according to claim 5 conditionally-immortalized clonal human CNS progenitor cell capable of differentiation into neurons and astrocytes.
- 14. (Amended) A method for treating a patient, comprising administering to a patient a cell produced according to the by a method of claim 1 or claim 6 comprising:
  - (a) plating human CNS progenitor cells on a surface that permits proliferation, said surface being tissue culture plastic or a surface treated with fibronectin;
    - (b) adding serum-free growth medium to the cells;

- (c) allowing the CNS progenitor cells to proliferate in the serum-free medium;
- (d) transfecting the cells with DNA encoding a selectable marker and regulatable growth-promoting gene, wherein the growth-promoting gene is selected from the group consisting of SV40 large T antigen, v-myc, N-myc, c-myc, p53, polyoma large T antigen, E1a adenovirus and E7 protein of human papilloma virus;
  - (e) passaging the transfected cells onto a substrate; and
- proliferation-enhancing factors to the transfected cells, wherein said proliferation-enhancing factors are selected from the group consisting of FGF-2, PDGF, EGF, medium conditioned by perpetualized adult rat hippocampal progenitor cells, and a combination thereof, therefrom producing a conditionally-immortalized human CNS progenitor cell.
- 15. (Amended) A method for treating a patient, comprising administering to a mammal a cell according to claim 5 conditionally-immortalized clonal human CNS progenitor cell capable of differentiation into neurons and astrocytes.
- 16 (Original) A method according to claim 15 wherein the patient is afflicted with a pathological condition where neurons have degenerated.
- 17. (Amended) A method according to claim 16 wherein the pathological condition is selected from the group consisting of Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic amylotrophic lateral sclerosis, stroke and traumatic head injury.
  - 18-32. (Canceled)